

1) a) Decrement

$$2x \rightarrow x+y$$

b) Increment

$$2x \xrightarrow{\text{fast}} x+y$$

$$x \xrightarrow{\text{slow}} 2y$$

d) Let

$$b \xrightarrow{\text{slow}} a+b$$

$$a+2x \xrightarrow{\text{fast}} c+x'+q$$

$$2c \xrightarrow{\text{fast}} c$$

$$a \xrightarrow{\text{fast}} \emptyset$$

$$x' \xrightarrow{\text{medium}} x$$

$$c \xrightarrow{\text{medium}} y$$

e) Polynomial

$$2c \xrightarrow{\text{fast}} c$$
  
$$c \xrightarrow{\text{slow}} y$$

$$x \xrightarrow{\text{fast}} 2x' + b + 3y$$

$$x' \xrightarrow{\text{slowest}} q$$

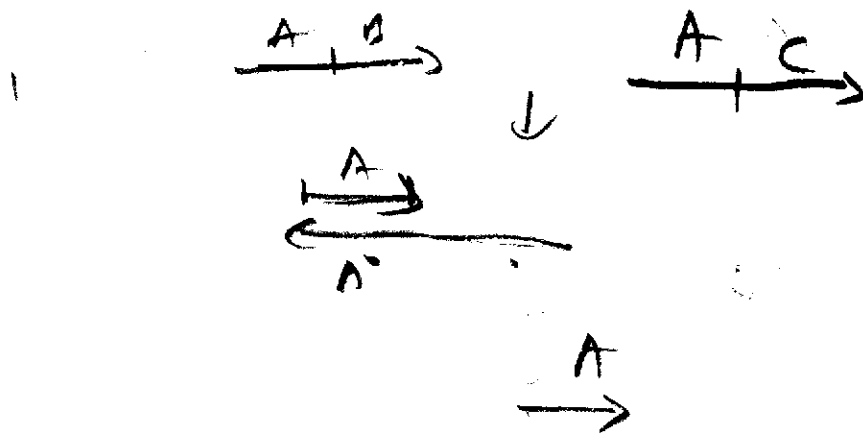
$$a+b \xrightarrow{\text{fastest}} a+b'+y$$

$$a \xrightarrow{\text{fast}} \emptyset$$

$$b' \xrightarrow{\text{slow}} b$$

1.) For each Input and Output there should be a corresponding DNA strand. If this strand exists (not multiple) then logic 1 achieved, otherwise logic 0

- If you consider an output such that it is logic 1 if there is any of the selected multiple strands then we use an extra gate to solve. These multiple strands should result in a specific strand.



- A gate is a double-stranded DNA(s)
- There is no order of reactions. All happen simultaneously

5)

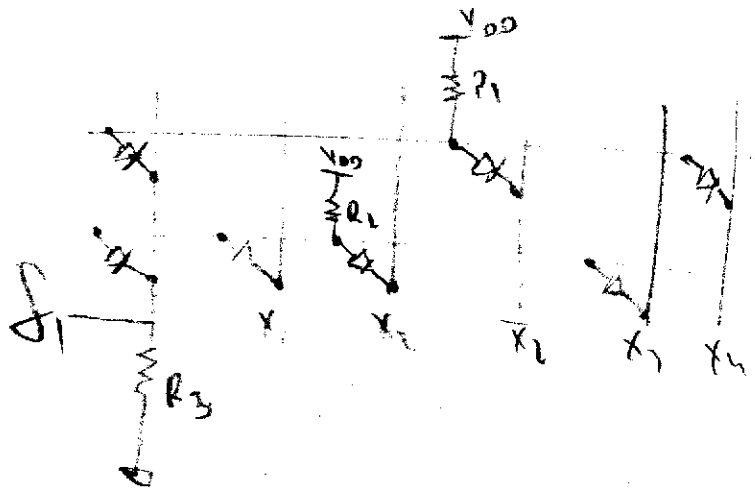
a)

$$f_1 = x_1 x_2 x_3 + \bar{x}_2 x_4$$

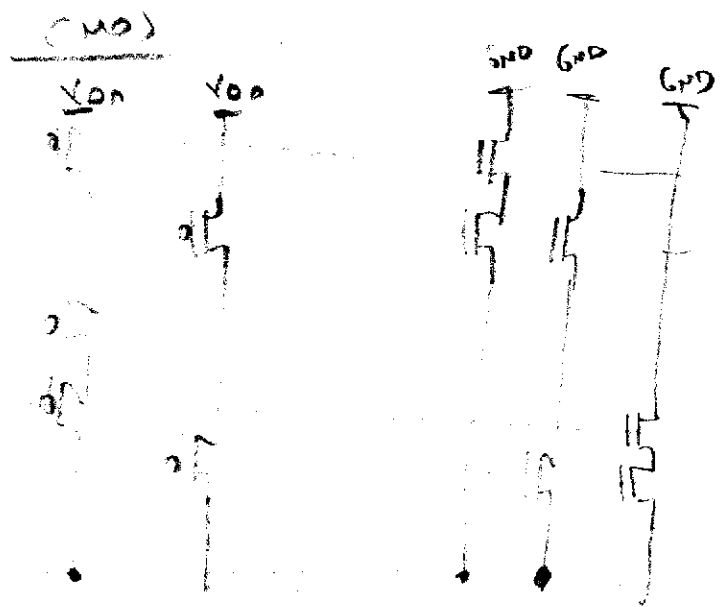
$$f_1^D = x_1 x_4 + x_2 x_4 + x_3 x_4 + x_1 \bar{x}_2 + \bar{x}_2 x_3$$

$$f_1^D = x_1 \bar{x}_2 + x_2 x_4 + x_3 x_4$$

Or



$2 \times 6 = 12$  components



4-Terminal

|                 |       |             |
|-----------------|-------|-------------|
|                 | $x_1$ | $\bar{x}_2$ |
| $x_1 \bar{x}_2$ | $x_1$ | $\bar{x}_2$ |
| $x_2 x_4$       | $x_2$ | $x_4$       |
| $x_3 x_4$       | $x_3$ | $x_4$       |

$3 \times 2 = 6$  components

$6 \times 5 = 30$  components

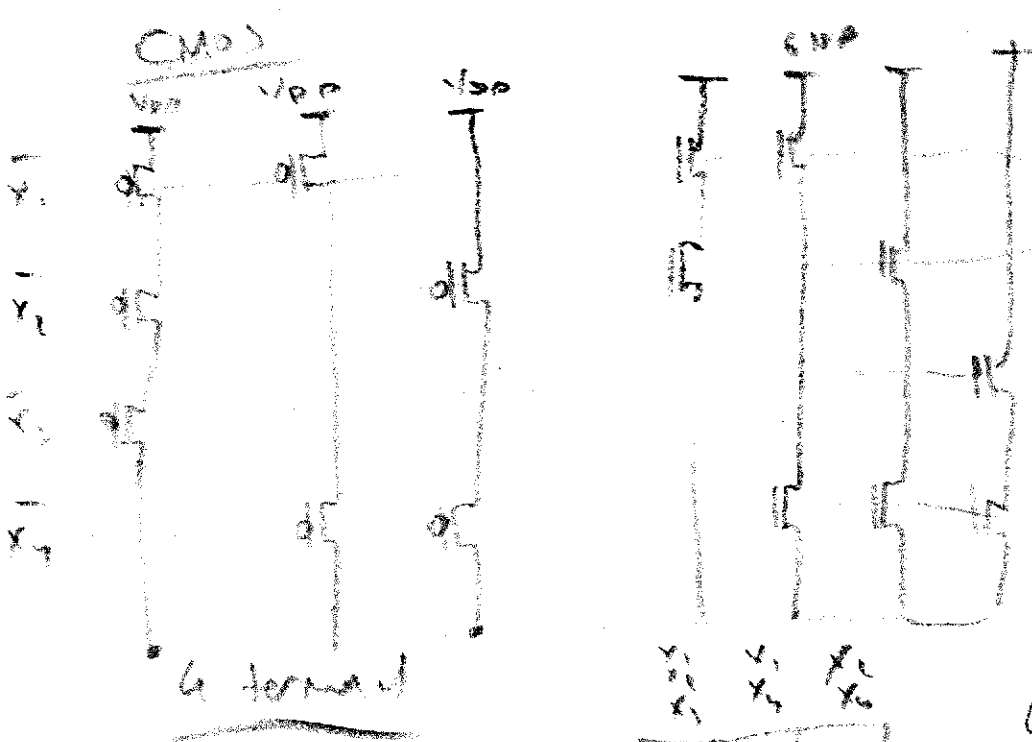
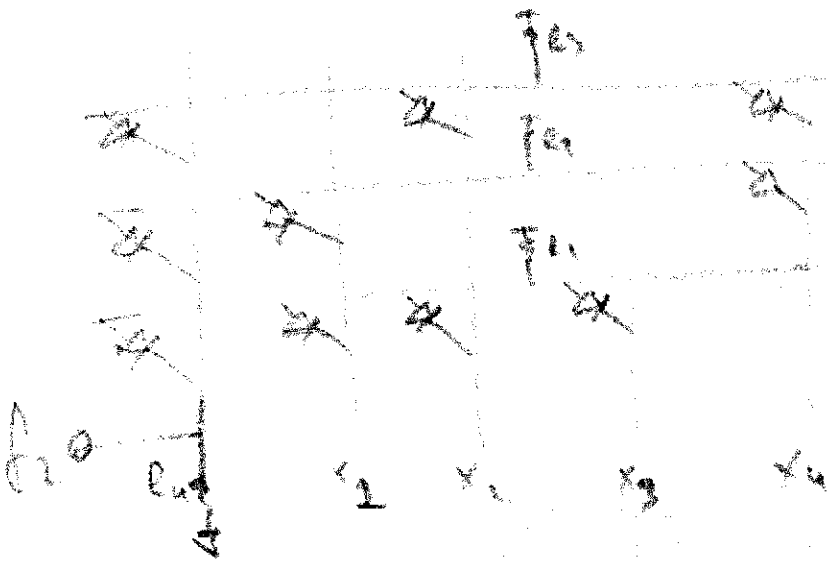
= 1

$$f_2 = x_1 x_2 x_3 + x_1 x_4 + x_2 x_4 = \overline{x_1} \overline{x_2} + \overline{x_1} \overline{x_3} + \overline{x_2} \overline{x_3} + \overline{x_3} \overline{x_4}$$

$$f_1 = x_1 x_2 + x_1 x_4 + x_2 x_4 + x_3 x_4$$

Diode

3 x 5 = 15 cross points



5 x 3 = 15 cross points

|       | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| $x_1$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ |
| $x_2$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ |
| $x_3$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ |
| $x_4$ | $x_1$ | $x_2$ | $x_3$ |

4 x 7 = 28 cross points

$$C_3 = X_1 \bar{X}_2 X_3 + X_1 \bar{X}_3 + X_2 X_3 X_4 = \bar{X}_1 X_2 + X_1 \bar{X}_3 + X_2 X_3 X_4$$

$$C_3 = X_1 X_2 + X_1 X_3 + \bar{X}_2 \bar{X}_4 + X_3 X_4$$

Out 3 3 x 6 = 18 crosspoint  
 CMO3 = 6 x 7 = 42 crosspoint

Gr-basis  
 4 x 3 = 12 crosspoint

b)

Divide f in irreducible form

# of crosspoints = (# of products in f) x (# of literals in f + 1)

// ↓ ↓  
 // # of rows # of columns

No 3

# of crosspoints = (# of literals in f + ~~1~~) (# of products in f + # of products in f')

// ↓ ↓  
 // # of rows # of columns

Undetermined

# of crosspoints = (# of products in f) (# of products in f')